MASTER'S DEGREE EXAMINATION Study major: Advanced Analytics – Big Data

- 1. Present the approach to data aggregation.
- 2. Present how to join multiple tables describe possible methods.
- 3. What are the differences between single row and multiple row functions? When should they be used? What are the data types appropriate to be used by them?
- 4. Describe the single row functions classification.
- 5. Describe statements that can change the content of the table. What are the possible results of their execution? What is the possible scope?
- 6. The role of the Data Dictionary. Describe the methods of work with Data dictionary.
- 7. The database objects their roles, purposes, methods of using.
- 8. The views. Why are they created? What are the possible clauses in a statement that create a view?
- 9. The syntaxes of set statements. What are the set operators and the results of their use?
- 10. The subqueries. Describe types of subqueries, possible clauses they may be used, possible operators.
- 11. Describe typical solutions Big Data provides in the area of data storage.
- 12. Describe the meaning of 3V and 5V in the context of Big Data.
- 13. Discuss ethical issues related to Big Data.
- 14. Evaluate capabilities and specific characteristics of analytical environments used in Big Data.
- 15. Please describe in detail one chosen algorithm used in Big Data analytics.
- 16. What is MapReduce and how does it work?
- 17. What is Deep Learning, give an example.
- 18. What are the typical characteristics of Big Data problems?
- 19. What is data variability and how to take it into account in data visualization?
- 20. Discuss examples of pattern recognition techniques used in Big Data.
- 21. Define and describe distributed computing, in particular, in context of Big Data.
- 22. Describe a selected methodology describing a method of execution of development process of analytical models.
- 23. Outline key assumptions that are conditions of application of predictive models in support of decision making processes.
- 24. Describe how usage of version control systems influences the effectiveness of analytical solution development process.
- 25. Explain what is meant by the term reproducibility of analytical process and why it is important in business.
- 26. Describe most important methods of ensuring reproducibility of analytical process.
- 27. Explain what does the term cutoff threshold mean in classification models and describe what are factors that influence its optimal value in case when such a model is used for supporting decision making.
- 28. Explain how regularization in used in the process of building of predictive models.
- 29. Explain the difference between observational, interventional and counterfactual reasoning.
- 30. Explain Simpson's paradox.
- 31. List and discuss methods of visualization of spatial data.

- 32. Economic gains from processing data in the cloud.
- 33. Present serverless computing in gathering and processing data for analytics.
- 34. Describe storing big data in the cloud.
- 35. Describe scaling document-oriented databases in the cloud the case of DynamoDB.
- 36. Describe scaling analytical processes in the cloud.
- 37. Present Function as a service data processing model based on the Lambda architecture.
- 38. Specify and discuss methods for visualizing proportions.
- 39. Present creating and managing security of analytical platforms in the cloud for Python and R.
- 40. Present managing security, users and access rights in the cloud users, roles, policies and groups.
- 41. Present managing a relational database in the cloud and applications for data analytics.
- 42. Present data processing models for the cloud: IaaS (Infrastructure-as-a-Service), PaaS (Platform-as-a-Service) and SaaS (Software-as-a-Service).
- 43. Discuss the data properties relevant to the data analysis process.
- 44. What is the importance of the context in data analysis?
- 45. What is the uncertainty in data analysis and how can it be influenced?
- 46. What is the importance of metadata in data analysis?
- 47. Specify and discuss the coordinate systems used for data visualisation.
- 48. Specify and discuss methods for visualizing time series.
- 49. Specify and discuss methods of relationship visualization.
- 50. What descriptive statistics are robust on outliers?
- 51. Explain what a distributed version control system is using Git as an example. Propose a typical simple workflow.
- 52. Discuss a selected data dimension reduction technique, its strong and weak points.
- 53. Discuss the parallel computation concept and typical problems of parallel computations.
- 54. What is a robust estimator? Discuss using a selected example.
- 55. Discuss regularization techniques using a selected example, e.g., LASSO regression.
- 56. Explain the concepts of structured and unstructured data.
- 57. Introduce the Lambda and Kappa architectures.
- 58. Present the key features of learning and prediction in batch (offline learning) and incremental (online learning) modes.
- 59. Give an example and discuss in what situations it is advisable to use the OLTP processing model.
- 60. Give an example and discuss in what situations it is advisable to use the OLAP processing model.
- 61. Explain the concept and business applications of a data warehouse.
- 62. Describe the problem of time in streaming data processing, what is watermark.
- 63. Describe the difference between data stream and batch processing.
- 64. Describe two business applications of real-time data analysis.
- 65. List and describe methodologies of data mining process.
- 66. Describe two main groups of data mining methods.
- 67. Describe the methods of feature selection and sampling for data mining modeling.
- 68. Data classification methods present differences and similarities between them.

- 69. Describe decision tree models.
- 70. Describe random forest models.
- 71. Describe models of artificial neural networks.
- 72. Describe methods of data clustering.
- 73. Describe methods of transactional data analysis.
- 74. Present the methods of parameter estimation of the logistic regression model.
- 75. Interpretation of the estimates of logistic regression parameters.
- 76. Verification of the significance of the estimates of logistic regression parameters.
- 77. Methods of assessing the fit of the logistic regression model to empirical data.
- 78. Methods of identifying outliers and influential observation in logistic regression.
- 79. Discuss the multinomial logistic regression model.
- 80. Discuss the proportional odds model.
- 81. Methods of selecting explanatory variables in regression models.
- 82. Data quality in business analytics. The meaning and assessment techniques.
- 83. Data imputation. The importance and meaning.
- 84. Multiple imputation: description of the method, selection of the imputation model and estimation of the parameters.
- 85. Compare fixed and random effects models. Indicate basic differences and provide examples of applications.
- 86. Quantile regression: description and applications in business analytics.
- 87. Adaptive regression: the model, estimation technique and applications in business analytics.
- 88. K-means method and its application in Customer Lifetime Value CLV models.
- 89. Name and describe business applications of Customer Lifetime Value CLV models.
- 90. Present the pros and cons of sequential data processing and its other alternatives.
- 91. What descriptive statistics are not affected by outliers?
- 92. What descriptive statistics should be used for samples taken from populations with a distribution other than the normal?
- 93. Present advantages and disadvantages of analytical and transactional data structures.
- 94. Describe the Information Security triad: Confidentiality, Integrity, and Availability.
- 95. What is Spear Phishing?
- 96. Describe basic Cybersecurity principles for SMEs (Small and Mid-size Enterprises).
- 97. What is the interpretation of a programming language? Give examples of interpreted languages and interpreters.
- 98. Describe the installation of libraries (packages) in the Python environment. Give examples of popular libraries.
- 99. Describe iteration techniques using a chosen programming language, e.g., R or Python.
- 100. Describe the concept of a function and scoping using a chosen programming language, e.g., R or Python.

Literature:

- 1. J. Price, Oracle Database 12c i SQL. Programowanie, Helion 2015;
- 2. J. Ullman, J. Widom, Podstawowy kurs baz danych Wyd. III, Helion 2011;
- 3. A. Alapati, D. Kuhn, B. Padfield, Oracle 12c. Problemy i rozwiązania, Helion 2014;
- 4. https://docs.oracle.com/database/121/SQLRF/toc.htm
- 5. Mayer-Schönberger V., Cukier K.: Big data: rewolucja, która zmieni nasze myślenie, pracę i życie: efektywna analiza danych; Warszawa: MT Biznes, 2017;
- 6. Surma J., Cyfryzacja życia w erze Big Data: człowiek, biznes, państwo /Warszawa: Wydawnictwo Naukowe PWN. 2017;
- 7. Inc, O.M., 2012. Big Data Now: 2012 Edition 2. wyd., O'Reilly Media;
- 8. Hand D., Mannila H., Smyth P. ,,Eksploracja danych", WNT Wydawnictwa Naukowo-Techniczne, 2005;
- 9. White T., Hadoop: kompletny przewodnik: analiza i przechowywanie danych /; Gliwice: Helion, cop. 2016;
- 10. J. Gareth, D. Witten, T. Hastie, R. Tibshirani, An Introduction to Statistical Learning with Applications in R, 2013;
- 11. B. Kamiński: The Julia Express, <u>http://bogumilkaminski.pl/files/julia_express.pdf;</u>
- 12. B. Kamiński: Julia DataFrames Tutorial, https://github.com/bkamins/Julia-DataFrames-Tutorial;
- 13. M. Wittig, A. Wittig. Amazon web services in action, 2nd edition. Manning, 2018;
- 14. J. Baron, H. Baz, T. Bixler, B. Gaut, K. E. Kelly, S. Senior, J. Stamper. AWS certified solutions architect official study guide: associate exam. John Wiley & Sons, 2016;
- 15. Amazon (2016) Getting Started with AWS, wersja elektroniczna do pobrania za darmo w sklepie amazon.com;
- 16. Amazon (2009) The Economics of the AWS Cloud vs. Owned IT Infrastructure, do pobrania ze strony <u>https://aws.amazon.com/whitepapers/</u>
- 17. Amazon (2016) Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud (EC2) User Guide for Linux Instances, wersja elektroniczna do pobrania za darmo w sklepie amazon.com;
- 18. Introduction to AWS Economics, do pobrania ze strony https://aws.amazon.com/whitepapers/
- 19. Big Data Analytics Options on AWS, do pobrania ze strony https://aws.amazon.com/whitepapers/
- 20. Introduction to High Performance Computing on AWS, do pobrania ze strony <u>https://aws.amazon.com/whitepapers/</u>
- 21. Introduction to AWS Security, do pobrania ze strony https://aws.amazon.com/whitepapers/
- 22. Kamiński, B., & Szufel, P. (2015). On optimization of simulation execution on Amazon EC2 spot market. Simulation Modelling Practice and Theory, 58, 172-187;
- 23. D.T. Larose, Data Mining Methods and Models, Wiley, New York 2006;
- 24. J. Koronacki, J. Ćwik, Statystyczne systemy uczące się, WN-T, Warszawa 2005;
- 25. M. Lasek, M. Pęczkowski, Enterprise Miner: wykorzystywanie narzędzi Data Mining w systemie SAS, Wydawnictwa Uniwersytetu Warszawskiego, Warszawa 2013;
- 26. R. Matignon, Data Mining Using SAS Enterprise Miner, Wiley, Hoboken, NJ 2007;
- 27. F. Provost, T. Fawcett, Data Science for Business: What you need to know about data mining and data-analytic thinking, O'Reilly, USA 2013;
- 28. T. Morzy, Eksploracja danych, Metody i algorytmy, PWN, Warszawa 2013;

- 29. N. Yau, Data points: visualization that means something, Indianapolis, Ind. Wiley, 2013;
- 30. N.C. Yau, Visualize this the FlowingData guide to design, visualization, and statistics, Indianapolis, Ind. Wiley 2011;
- 31. J. Maindonald, Data analysis and graphics using R': an example-based approach, Cambridge UK, New York: Cambridge University Press, 2003;
- 32. Frątczak E. (red.) Zaawansowane Metody Analiz Statystycznych, SGH, Warszawa 2012;
- 33. Allison P. D., Logistic Regression Using SAS: Theory and Application, Second Edition. Cary, NC: SAS Institute Inc., 2012;
- 34. Hosmer D. W., Jr., Lemeshow S., Sturdivant R. X., Applied Logistic Regression, Third Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2013;
- 35. Kleinbaum D. G., Klein M., Logistic Regression: A Self-Learning Text, Third Edition, Springer, 2010;
- 36. Stanisz A., Modele regresji logistycznej. Zastosowania w medycynie, naukach przyrodniczych i społecznych. StatSoft Polska, Kraków, 2016;
- 37. Korczyński A., Screening wariancji jako narzędzie wykrywania zmowy cenowej. Istota i znaczenie imputacji danych, Oficyna wydawnicza SGH, Warszawa, 2018;
- 38. Frątczak E. red. Zaawansowane Metody Analiz Statystycznych, SGH, Warszawa 2012;
- 39. Little A, Rubin D., Statistical Analysis with Missing Data. John Wiley & Sons: Hoboken 2002;
- 40. Malthouse E.C., Segmentation and Lifetime Value Models Using SAS, SAS Institute, 2013;
- 41. Svolba G., Applying Data Science. Business Case Studies, SAS Institute: Cary, NC, 2017;
- 42. W. Grzenda, A. Ptak-Chmielewska, K. Przanowski, U. Zwierz. Przetwarzanie danych w SAS, Oficyna Wydawnicza SGH, 2012;
- 43. SAS programming by example, Ron Cody and Ray Pass, SAS Publishing;
- 44. Zdzisław Dec, Wprowadzenie do systemu SAS, Wydawnictwo Editio, 2000;
- 45. Jordan Bakerman, SAS[®] Programming for R Users. SAS Institute Inc. 2019.Cary, NC: SAS Institute Inc. Copyright © 2019, SAS Institute Inc.;
- 46. Jóźwiak J., Podgórski J.: Statystyka od podstaw, PWE, Warszawa.